

Appl. No. 09/675,627
Amdt dated October 13, 2003
Reply to Office Action of February 13, 2003

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listings of Claims:

Claim 1: (currently amended) A method of forming a titanium ~~an oriented metal~~ layer on a substrate, the method comprising:

placing the substrate in a deposition chamber comprising a source of titanium metal; and

depositing the titanium metal layer onto the substrate by physical vapor deposition of the source of titanium metal under conditions wherein the atmosphere in the deposition chamber comprises hydrogen and wherein the hydrogen is activated, whereby the titanium metal layer has a preferred crystal orientation.

Claim 2: (currently amended) The method of Claim 1 wherein the source of titanium metal is a sputtering target and wherein depositing the titanium metal layer onto the substrate is sputter depositing the titanium metal layer by applying power to the sputtering target.

Claim 3: (currently amended) The method of Claim 2 wherein ~~the metal is titanium and~~ the titanium layer has a ~~preferred~~ <0002> crystal orientation.

Claim 4: (original) The method of Claim 2 wherein the atmosphere comprises argon and hydrogen.

Claim 5: (original) The method of Claim 3 further comprising flowing a gas mixture comprising at least 0.1 molar percent hydrogen while sputter depositing the titanium layer.

Claim 6: (currently amended) The method of Claim 3 wherein applying power to the target comprises is providing a power density on the target of at least about 0.5 watt per square centimeter of target area.

Claim 7: (currently amended) The method of Claim 6 wherein applying power to the target comprises is providing a power density on the target of between about 3 and about 8 watts per square centimeter of target area.

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Claim 8: (original) The method of Claim 5 wherein the concentration of hydrogen in the atmosphere is at least a factor of 3 higher than the concentration of hydrogen in the sputtering chamber when sputter depositing by a process in which no hydrogen is deliberately introduced into the sputtering chamber.

Claim 9: (original) The method of Claim 2 further comprising, after placing the substrate in the deposition chamber:

introducing a quantity of hydrogen into the deposition chamber without providing power to the target.

Claim 10: (original) The method of Claim 9 wherein introducing a quantity of hydrogen comprises is flowing a gas comprising hydrogen into the deposition chamber.

Claim 11: (currently amended) A method of forming a ~~an oriented~~ titanium layer on a substrate, the method comprising:

placing the substrate in a sputtering chamber comprising a titanium target;
flowing a first gas comprising hydrogen into the sputtering chamber through a first gas injector;
terminating the flow of the first gas; and
after the flow of the first gas has been terminated, sputter depositing the titanium layer onto the substrate by applying power to the target and by providing a second gas in the sputtering chamber through a second gas injector, wherein the hydrogen is activated and whereby the deposited titanium layer has a preferred crystal orientation.

Claim 12: (original) The method of Claim 11 wherein the first gas comprises argon and hydrogen.

Claim 13: (original) The method of Claim 12 wherein the second gas is an inert gas.

Claim 14: (original) The method of Claim 12 wherein the first gas injector is positioned proximate the target.

Claim 15: (original) The method of Claim 14 wherein the titanium target is planar and wherein flowing the first gas provides a quantity of hydrogen in the sputtering chamber that

SILICON VALLEY
PATENT GROUP LLP

10 Mission College Blvd
Suite 360
Santa Clara, CA 95054
(408) 982-4320
FAX (408) 982-8210

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is at least 0.5×10^{-4} standard cubic centimeters of hydrogen per square centimeter of target surface area.

Claim 16: (currently amended) The method of Claim 11 wherein applying power to the target comprises is providing a power density on the target of at least about 0.5 watt per square centimeter of target area.

Claim 17: (currently amended) The method of Claim 16 wherein applying power to the target comprises is providing a power density on the target of between about 3 and about 8 watts per square centimeter of target area.

Claim 18: (currently amended) A method of depositing an ~~oriented~~ aluminum layer, the method comprising:

depositing a titanium layer wherein the depositing a titanium layer comprises:
placing the substrate in a deposition chamber comprising a source of titanium; and

depositing the titanium layer onto the substrate by physical vapor deposition of the source of titanium under conditions wherein the atmosphere in the deposition chamber comprises hydrogen and wherein the hydrogen is activated, whereby the titanium layer has a <0002> ~~preferred~~ crystal orientation; and

depositing an aluminum layer overlying the titanium layer, whereby the aluminum layer has a ~~preferred~~ <111> crystal orientation.

Claim 19: (original) The method of Claim 18 whereby a full width at half maximum of a <111> X-ray diffraction signal of the aluminum layer is less than about 1.5 degrees.

Claim 20: (currently amended) A method of depositing an ~~oriented~~ aluminum layer, the method comprising:

depositing a titanium layer the titanium layer deposition comprising:

placing the substrate in a sputtering chamber comprising a titanium target;

flowing a first gas comprising hydrogen into the sputtering chamber through a first gas injector; and

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sputter depositing the titanium metal layer onto the substrate by applying power to the titanium metal target and by providing a second gas in the sputtering chamber through a second gas injector, wherein the hydrogen is activated and whereby the deposited titanium metal layer has a preferred <111> crystal orientation.

Claim 21: (currently amended) The method of Claim 20 further comprising depositing a titanium nitride layer overlying the titanium layer, whereby the titanium nitride layer has a preferred <111> crystal orientation.

Claim 22: (original) The method of Claim 20 whereby a full width at half maximum of a <111> X-ray diffraction signal of the aluminum layer is less than about 1.5 degrees.

Claim 23: (new) A physical vapor deposition process comprising:

placing a substrate in a physical vapor deposition chamber, said chamber comprising a titanium target;

causing hydrogen to be absorbed into the titanium target;

introducing an inert gas into the chamber; and

igniting a physical vapor deposition plasma in the chamber, said physical vapor deposition plasma causing the hydrogen to be released from the titanium target, causing the hydrogen to be activated, and causing a titanium layer to be deposited onto the substrate.

Claim 24: (new) The process of Claim 23 wherein said titanium layer has a <0002> crystal orientation.

Claim 25: (new) The process of Claim 23 comprising depositing a titanium nitride layer on said titanium layer.

Claim 26: (new) The process of Claim 25 wherein said titanium nitride layer has a <111> crystal orientation.

Claim 27: (new) The process of Claim 25 comprising depositing an aluminum layer on said titanium nitride layer.

Claim 28: (new) The process of Claim 27 wherein said aluminum layer has a <111> crystal orientation.

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Claim 29: (new) The process of Claim 23 wherein said hydrogen is absorbed to a depth of about 50 Å into said titanium target.

Claim 30: (new) The process of Claim 23 wherein, after said hydrogen is released from said target, said hydrogen reacts with a species adsorbed in said substrate.

SILICON VALLEY
PATENT GROUP LLP

150 Mission College Blvd.
Suite 300
Santa Clara, CA 95054
(408) 982-4210
FAX (408) 982-4210